

From: [Ferris, Brittany \(EOIR\)](#)
To: [All of Court Administrators \(EOIR\)](#); [All of Judges \(EOIR\)](#); [All of OCIJ HDQ \(EOIR\)](#); [All of OCIJ JLC \(EOIR\)](#); [BIA ATTORNEYS \(EOIR\)](#); [BIA BOARD MEMBERS \(EOIR\)](#); [EOIR Library \(EOIR\)](#); [BIA SUPPORT \(EOIR\)](#); [BIA TEAM P \(EOIR\)](#); [Butler, Vicki A. \(EOIR\)](#); [Carr, Donna \(EOIR\)](#); [King, Jean \(EOIR\)](#); [OGC \(EOIR\)](#); [McHenry, James \(EOIR\)](#); [Reilly, Katherine \(EOIR\)](#); [Santoro, Christopher A \(EOIR\)](#)
Cc: [Rose, Karen \(EOIR\)](#); [Atkinson, Pamela \(EOIR\)](#)
Subject: Matter of REHMAN, 27 I&N Dec. 124 (BIA 2017)
Date: Wednesday, September 20, 2017 10:13:48 AM

The above precedent decision can be found in Volume 27 at page 124. The link to the decision is:
Intranet:

<https://eoirnet/sites/eoir/BIA/VLL/PrecedentDecisions/3903.pdf>

Where a petitioner seeking to prove a familial relationship submits a birth certificate that was not registered contemporaneously with the birth, an adjudicator must consider the birth certificate, as well as all the other evidence of record and the circumstances of the case, to determine whether the petitioner has submitted sufficient reliable evidence to demonstrate the claimed relationship by a preponderance of the evidence.

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